

HIG VICTORY SHOW NEXT MONTH

January Stock Show at Denver Will be Greatest Event Ever

The board of directors of the Western Stock Show association have decided that the next National Western Stock Show, which opens in Denver on January 18, is to be known as the "Victory Stock Show." It is planned to make it the greatest event that has ever been secured for the show thru the lease of the big three-story horse barn across the street from the show buildings and Lafayette street in front of the show will be closed to public traffic and included within the show. By this method it is expected that all of the exhibits can be successfully taken care of.

The directors report that the outlook for exhibits at the coming show is the best of any previous year. All departments will be filled to overflowing, and it is expected that there will be a gathering of stockmen from

Colorado and adjoining states and from all over the west; in fact that it will be greater than at any previous exhibition.

In connection with the Stock Show the annual convention of the American National Live Stock association will be held and plans are being made for a great mass meeting of stockmen at which government officials will undertake to explain to the stockmen what the post-war demand for live stock and agricultural products will be during the coming year and for some time to come. Heretofore these meetings of stockmen have been held for the purpose of informing government officials regarding conditions. At this meeting government officials who have been in Europe investigating will tell the stockmen what they have found out.

Plans are being matured on a large scale for one of the greatest live stock and agricultural expositions ever held in the west. It will be a time to celebrate and Denver will be open during the week.

DEALERS AND CONSUMERS MUST NOT HOARD FOODS

With the lease of the sugar restrictions, dealers and housewives are no longer held to the four pounds per month regulation. However, dealers are limited to buying their requirements for 60 days while householders can not buy more than a 60 days supply. The hoarding laws prevent laying up of supplies.

The rules regarding hoarding and profiteering will be enforced even more stringently than heretofore, says Food Administrator Wattles. Any one caught with a greater supply than they are entitled to will have to pay the penalty and there will be no leniency shown.

To Save Leftover Paint.

After housecleaning, if one has partly used cans of paint or varnish left over, which would soon dry up and become useless, try putting them into small cans and cover with melted paraffin. They will keep indefinitely and can be used as needed.

U. S. HEALTH SERVICE ISSUES WARNING

Increase in All Respiratory Diseases After the Influenza Epidemic Probable.

Influenza Expected to Lurk for Months. How to Guard Against Pneumonia. Common Colds Highly Catching—Importance of Suitable Clothing—Could Save 100,000 Lives.

Washington, D. C.—With the subsidence of the epidemic of influenza the attention of health officers is directed to pneumonia, bronchitis and other diseases of the respiratory system which regularly cause a large number of deaths, especially during the winter season. According to Rupert Blue, Surgeon General of the United States Public Health Service, these diseases will be especially prevalent this winter unless the people are particularly careful to obey health instructions.

"The present epidemic," said Surgeon General Blue, "has taught by bitter experience how readily a condition beginning apparently as a slight cold may go on to pneumonia and death. Although the worst of the epidemic is over, there will continue to be a large number of scattered cases, many of them mild and unrecognized, which will be danger spots to be guarded against." The Surgeon General likened the present situation to that after a great fire, saying, "No fire chief who understands his business stops playing the hose on the charred debris as soon as the flames and visible fire have disappeared. On the contrary, he continues the water for hours and even days, for he knows that there is danger of the fire rekindling from smoldering embers."

"Then you fear another outbreak of influenza?" he was asked. "Not necessarily another large epidemic," said the Surgeon General, "but unless the people learn to realize the seriousness of the danger they will be compelled to pay a heavy death toll from pneumonia and other respiratory diseases."

Common Colds Highly Catching.

"It is encouraging to observe that people are beginning to learn that ordinary coughs and colds are highly catching and are spread from person to person by means of droplets of germ laden mucus. Such droplets are sprayed into the air when careless or ignorant people cough or sneeze without covering their mouth and nose. It is also good to know that people have learned something about the value of fresh air. In summer, when people are largely out of doors, the respiratory diseases (coughs, colds, pneumonia, etc.) are infrequent; in the fall, as people begin to remain indoors, the respiratory diseases increase; in the winter, when people are prone to stay in badly ventilated, overheated rooms, the respiratory diseases become very prevalent.

Suitable Clothing Important.

"Still another factor in the production of colds, pneumonia and other respiratory diseases is carelessness or ignorance of the people regarding suitable clothing during the seasons when the weather suddenly changes, sitting in warm rooms too heavily dressed or, what is even more common, especially among women, dressing so lightly that windows are kept closed in order to be comfortably warm. This is a very injurious practice.

Could Save 100,000 Lives.

"I believe we could easily save one hundred thousand lives annually in the United States if all the people would adopt the system of fresh air living followed, for example, in tuberculosis sanatoria. There is nothing mysterious about it—no specific medicine, no vaccine. The important thing is right living, good food and plenty of fresh air.

Droplet Infection Explained in Pictures.

"The Bureau of Public Health, Treasury Department, has just issued a striking poster drawn by Berryman, the well-known Washington cartoonist. The poster exemplifies the modern method of health education. A few years ago, under similar circumstances, the health authorities would have issued an official dry but scientifically accurate bulletin teaching the role of droplet infection in the spread of respiratory diseases. The only ones who would have understood the bulletin would have been those who already knew all about the subject. The man in the street, the plain citizen and the many millions who toil for their living would have had no time and no desire to wade through the technical phraseology."



COPD, INFLUENZA, PNEUMONIA, AND TUBERCULOSIS ARE SPREAD THIS WAY
Copies of this poster can be obtained free of charge by writing to the Surgeon General, U. S. Public Health Service, Washington, D. C.

LIVESTOCK PRICES AT SOUTH OMAHA

Beef Market Closes Dull and 15-25c Lower

EARLY HOG MARKET HIGHER

Close, 10@15c Lower—Top, \$17.50; Bulk, \$17.25@17.40—Fat Lambs, 10@15c Lower—Feeders, Steady.

Union Stock Yards, South Omaha, Neb., Dec. 9, 1918.—On a liberal run of 14,200 head of cattle Monday, packers bought a few desirable corn-fed steers for Christmas at steady to perhaps easier prices, ranging from \$15.00@16.75. On the big bull; of the plainer native steers and the western rangers trading was fully 15@25c lower, and closing very dull. Butcher stock was fairly active at the opening, but not much different from last week.

Quotations on cattle: Choice to prime beefs, \$17.25@18.50; good to choice beefs, \$15.50@17.00; fair to good beefs, \$13.25@15.00; common to fair beefs, \$9.00@12.75; good to choice yearlings, \$12.00@15.50; good to choice heifers, \$9.00@12.50; good to choice cows, \$8.50@11.00; fair to good cows, \$7.00@8.25; cutters, \$6.00@7.00; canners, \$5.25@6.00; veal calves, \$7.50@19.50; hologna bulls, \$6.50@7.00; beef bulls, \$7.00@10.00; choice to prime feeders, \$12.50@15.00; good to choice feeders, \$10.00@12.50; fair to good feeders, \$8.50@9.50; good to choice stockers, \$9.25@10.25; fair to good stockers, \$7.00@9.00; common to fair grades, \$5.50@6.50; stock heifers, \$6.00@7.25; stock cows, \$5.50@6.25; stock calves, \$6.50@9.50; choice to prime steers, \$15.00@17.00; fair to good beefs, \$12.00@15.00; common to fair beefs, \$9.00@12.50; Mexican beefs, \$8.00@10.00.

Hogs Steady to 5c Higher.

Trade on a supply of 10,000 head of hogs was fairly active and prices steady to a little higher, but the close was druggy and 10@15c lower on many offerings of light, underweight hogs. Bulk of supplies went at \$17.25@17.40, with several loads at the top of \$17.50.

Fat Lambs 10@15c Lower.

Supplies of sheep were liberal this morning, estimated at 21,000 head. Trading on fat lambs was fairly active at prices 10@15c lower than last week's close.

Fat sheep and lambs: Lambs, good to choice, \$14.50@15.15; lambs, fair to good, \$11.00@14.50; lambs, culls, \$8.00@11.00; yearlings, \$10.50@11.00; wethers, \$10.00@10.50; ewes, good to choice, \$8.50@9.00; ewes, fair to good, \$7.00@8.50; ewes, culls and canners, \$5.00@6.00.

Feeders and breeders: Lambs, good to choice, \$13.50@14.25; lambs, fair to good, \$12.50@13.50; lambs, culls and outs, \$10.00@12.50; yearlings, light, choice, \$9.50@10.00; yearlings, fair to good, \$9.00@9.50; wethers, \$8.50@10.50; ewes, breeders, good, choice, \$10.00@13.50; ewes, breeders, fair to good, \$9.00@10.00; ewes, feeders, \$8.00@7.50; ewes, culls, \$4.50@6.00.

America and the Allies have pooled food resources, and it is now up to every American to put more in the pool and take less out—no spillways are wanted.

Order Your Coal Supply Early

It is the wise thing to do— You'll say so this winter, too.

If we could make plain to you the situation, we know that you would put in your winter's coal supply now. We are not trying to scare you, but we are trying to tell you. The car shortage exists. It may look to you like everything is moving, but you'll appreciate what we tell you when winter comes and it may be next to impossible to get coal.

We've got coal to sell you today. We've got coal today to put into your bin. We can't promise more. It's good coal and it's a fair price. We urge you to get busy— thing—act. It will prove to your advantage.

Dierks Lumber & Coal Co.

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Low Meat Prices vs. High Cattle Prices

If the farmer cannot get enough for his live stock, he raises less, and the packer gets less raw material.

If the consumer has to pay too much for his meat, he eats less of it, and the packer finds his market decreased.

The packer wants the producer to get enough to make live-stock raising profitable, and he wants the price of meat so low that everyone will eat it.

But all he can do, and what he would have to do in any case to stay in business, is to keep down the cost of processing the farmer's stock into meat so that the consumer pays for the meat and by-products only a little more than the farmer gets for his animals.

For example, last year Swift & Company paid for its cattle about 90 per cent of what it got for meat and by-products (such as hides, tallow, oils, etc.)

If cattle from the farm were turned miraculously into meat in the hands of retailers (without going through the expense of dressing, shipping and marketing), the farmer would get only about 1 1/8 cents per pound more for his cattle, or consumers would pay only about 2 1/4 cents per pound less for their beef!

Out of this cent or two per pound, Swift & Company pays for the operation of extensive plants, pays freight on meats, operates refrigerator cars, maintains branch houses, and in most cases, delivers to retailers all over the United States. The profit amounts to only a fraction of a cent, and a part of this profit goes to build more plants, to give better service, and to increase the company's usefulness to the country.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

MOTOR EFFICIENCY

The efficiency of your motor car depends largely upon the condition of your motor which is the very soul of the car. Occasionally it is necessary to make adjustments, replace worn parts and give it a general overhauling. And here is where our part comes in. We employ workmen who are competent in this line. We use only genuine Ford parts and we care for your interests as we would our own.

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